Amendment to the Claims:

- 1. (Currently amended) A method for protecting a plant against an environmental stress, said method comprising the steps of:
- (a) providing a transgenic plant cell that expresses substantially pure DNA encoding a calcium-dependent protein kinase (CDPK) polypeptide that includes a protein kinase (PK) domain having a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 2; and
- (b) growing a transgenic plant from said plant cell, wherein said DNA is expressed in said transgenic plant, and wherein said transgenic plant has increased tolerance to an environmental stress compared to a corresponding untransformed plant.
- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said environmental stress is dehydration.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said environmental stress is excess salinity.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said environmental stress is a temperature stress.

- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said plant is protected against multiple stress conditions.
- 6. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the expression of said polypeptide activates the expression of a stress-protective protein-encoding gene.
- 7. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said DNA is constitutively expressed in said transgenic plant.
 - 8 23 (Cancelled)
- 24. (Currently amended) A plant comprising substantially pure DNA encoding a fragment of a calcium-dependent protein kinase (CDPK) polypeptide that includes a PK domain having a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 2, wherein said polypeptide increases the level of tolerance, in a plant expressing said polypeptide, to an environmental stress.
 - 25. (Original) A seed from a transgenic plant of claim 24.
 - 26. (Original) A cell from a transgenic plant of claim 24.

27 - 35 (Cancelled)

- 36. (Currently amended) Substantially pure DNA encoding a <u>fragment of a</u> calcium-dependent protein kinase (CDPK) polypeptide consisting essentially of that includes a PK domain <u>having a sequence that is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO: 2</u>, said polypeptide being capable of increasing the level of tolerance to an environmental stress in a transgenic plant.
- 37. (Previously presented) The DNA of claim 36, wherein said DNA encodes a polypeptide that confers tolerance to dehydration.
- 38. (Previously presented) The DNA of claim 36, wherein said DNA encodes a polypeptide that confers tolerance to salinity.
- 39. (Previously presented) The DNA of claim 36, wherein said DNA encodes a polypeptide that confers tolerance to a temperature stress.
- 40. (Original) The DNA of claim 36, wherein said DNA comprises a nucleic acid sequence substantially identical to the nucleic acid sequence shown in Fig. 5 (SEQ ID NO: 1).

- 41. (Original) The DNA of claim 36, wherein said DNA is operably linked to an expression control region.
- 42. (Previously presented) The DNA of claim 41, wherein said expression control region comprises a promoter.
- 43. (Original) The DNA of claim 42, wherein said promoter is a constitutive promoter.
- 44. (Original) The DNA of claim 43, wherein said promoter is an inducible promoter.
 - 45. (Original) A cell which includes the DNA of claim 36.
 - 46. (Original) The cell of claim 45, wherein said cell is a plant cell.
 - 47-48 (Cancelled)
- 49. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said calcium-dependent protein kinase (CDPK) polypeptide is ATCDPK1 or ATCDPK1a.

50. (Previously presented) The plant of claim 24, wherein said calcium-dependent protein kinase (CDPK) polypeptide is ATCDPK1 or ATCDPK1a.